

INTERROGATOR OIC/NCOIC

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4. What Home Station/Mob Site Training did you and your soldiers receive prior to deployment to help your unit prepare for Detainee/Interrogation Operations? Describe it. How did the training prepare you to conduct Detainee/interrogation Operations for this deployment? How did this training distinguish between the different categories of Detainees (EPWs, RPs, Cls, etc.)? (1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 4.1) DoDD 2310.1 (The U.S. Military Services shall be given the necessary training to ensure they have knowledge of their obligations under the Geneva Conventions (references (b) through (e)) and as required by DoD Directive 5100.77 (reference (f)) before an assignment to a foreign area where capture or detention of enemy personnel is possible.) (AR 350-1 para 4-14c.(2) and table G-1 Refresher training, dated 9 April 2003), Level B training is conducted in units for officers, warrant officers, NCOs and enlisted personnel commensurate with the missions of the unit. AR 190-8 para 1-5(4)(C DOD Directive 5100.77), All prisoners will receive humane treatment and that the following acts are prohibited murder, torture, corporal punishment, mutilation, taking of hostages, sensory deprivation, collective punishments, execution without trial by proper authority, and all cruel and degrading treatment. Prisoners will be protected against all acts of violence to include public curiosity. (DoD Directive 5100.77, para 5.5.1, The Secretaries of the Military Departments shall provide directives, publications, instructions, and training so that the principles and rules of law of war will be known to members of their respective Departments, the extent of such knowledge to be commensurate with each individual's duties and responsibilities.) tran, SAEDA, ICRC at BN Cevels 5. What training did you receive on the established Rules of Engagement (ROE)? How often does this occur? Does this training include Rules of Interaction (ROI)? (1.4. 4.1) (DoD Directive 5100.77, para 5.5.1, The Secretaries of the Military Departments shall provide directives, publications, instructions, and training so that the principles and rules of law of war will be known to members of their respective Departments, the extent of such knowledge to be commensurate with each individual's duties and responsibilities.) ROE from CJCS ISO Iraqi operations dated 251600Z Apr 03 para 10 (U) All commanders will ensure their personnel are familiar with the law of armed conflict and with these ROE." AR 190-8, paragraph 3-6 a, The following acts will not be permitted: (1) Fraternization between EPW, RP and U.S. military or civilian personnel. Fraternization is defined as improper or intimate communications or actions between U.S. Armed Forces personnel and EWP/RP. 6. What procedures are in place to ensure your Soldiers do not violate the rules of engagement for the interment facility/collection point? (1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 4.1) FM 3-19.40. paragraph 2-29, An MP commander ensures that soldiers understand use-of-force guidelines and the ROE established by higher headquarters for each mission. Because the use of force and ROE vary depending on the category of housed personnel and the operational environment, the commander develops SOPs that follow the guidance provided. He balances the physical security of force with mission accomplishment and the protection of deployed forces. ROE from CJCS ISO Iraqi operations dated 251600Z Apr 03 para 10 (U) All commanders will ensure their personnel are familiar with the law of armed conflict and with these ROE."

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7. What guidance or policies are there to ensure fraternization is not taking place	
between U.S military personnel and the detainees? (1.1, 1.2, 1.4,1.6, 4.1) AR 190-8,	_
paragraph 2.6 a. The following determined the nermitted: (4) Freterminettes: (1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.0, 4.1) AR 190-8,	-
paragraph 3-6 a, The following acts will not be permitted: (1) Fraternization between EPW, RP and U.S.	
military or civilian personnel. Fraternization is defined as improper or intimate communications or actions	
between U.S. Armed Forces personnel and EWP/RP.	
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if a problem occured judg is pulled back,	
8. What training have you and your subordinates received to ensure your knowledge of	
DO is IAW the provisions under the Consult Consulting 2 (4.4.4.9.4.4.1.5.	
DO is IAW the provisions under the Geneva Convention? (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 4.1) DoDD 2310.1	
para 3-3.2 (The U.S. Military Services shall be given the necessary training to ensure they have	
knowledge of their obligations under the Geneva Conventions (references (b) through (e)) and as	
required by DoD enemy personnel is possible.) AR 190-8, paragraph 4(b-c) The inhumane treatment of	
EPW, CI, RP is prohibited and is not justified by the stress of combat or with deep provocation. Inhumane	
treatment is a serious and punishable violation under international law and the Uniform Code of Military	
Justice (UCMJ). All prisoners will receive humane treatment without regard to race, nationality, religion,	
political opinion, sex, or other criteria. The following acts are prohibited: murder, torture, corporal	
punishment, mutilation, the taking of hostages, sensory deprivation, collective punishments, execution	
without trial by proper authority, and all cruel and degrading treatment. All persons will be respected as	
human beings. They will be protected against all acts of violence to include rape, forced prostitution,	
assault and theft, insults, public curiosity, bodily injury, and reprisals of any kind. They will not be	
subjected to medical or scientific experiments. This list is not exclusive. EPW/RP are to be protected from	
all threats or acts of violence.)	
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9. What is the OIC/NCOICs overall role in detainee operation process? What	
involvement de the CIO/NOCIOS overall fole ill detainée operation process? Vynat	•
involvement do the OIC/NCOICs have in the interrogation process of detainee	
operations? Do the OIC/NCOICs provide a means to validate detainee's information?	
Do the OIC/NCOICs provide input as to the disposition of the detainee? (1.1, 1.2, 1.6,	
4.1) (FM 34-52 page 2-12 Battalion S2 Controls Interrogation employed for temporary period at battalion	
Joyel receives DIP, IP, and SIP from the supported betteller S2. This will account interrogation	•
level receives PIR, IR, and SIR from the supported battalion S2. This will ensure interrogators are fully	
oriented to the battalion's collection mission. In other instances, interrogators may be placed at brigade in	
an "on call" status, from which they can proceed to any of the subordinate battalions as circumstances	
warrant. Upon completion of a low-level, immediate-type interrogation, they can return to brigade and	
again become available for immediate employment. Commanders and S2s below brigade level who are	
unable to obtain interrogation support from higher echelons should include provisions in unit and staff	
standing operating procedures (SOPs) for the "tactical questioning" (not interrogation) of EPWs or	
detainees. They should identify assigned personnel for language capability. Interrogation personnel	
should provide training in the area of tactical questioning to designated S2 personnel. The potential for	•
abuse of the EPW is greatest at the initial capture and tactical questioning phase. With the excitement	
and stress of the battlefield, it may become easy for unskilled personnel to resort to illegal techniques to	
elicit critical information. Instruction must stress the importance of the proper treatment of EPWs.	
Emphasize that the abuse of an EPW at the initial stage of contact often renders future interrogation	•
futile. If you are engaged in, or supervising the tactical questioning of EPWs, you are responsible for	
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1./, 1.8) Local	SOPs (FM 3	34-52 Intelliger	nce Interrogation	on, page 2-9 At b	rigade lev	el, EPWs can be
detained in oper	n fields, court	yards, garden	s, jungle cleari	ngs, or similar sit	es if they	are hidden from
enemy observat	ion. If necess	sary, tnese are	eas can be end	losed with barbed	d wire far	more efficient EPW
are not usually k	ent in a build	ling or other el	al a lorward col helfer Interrog	ecting point for n	nore tnan battalian s	a few hours, EPWs and brigade are kept
						expanded. When
practicable, inte	rrogations at	division shoul	d be conducted	d in improvised in	terrogatio	on rooms in buildings
adjacent to the	division collec	cting point. If p	ossible, separ	ate rooms should	be availa	ble to permit several
interrogations at	once. 2-22)	The EAC inter	rrogation facilit	y will normally be	designate	ed as the Theater
Interrogation Fa	cility (TIF). A	TIF is staffed	by US Army in	terrogators and a	analysts, v	vith support from Air
						ational operation, a
combined interre	ogation facility	y (CIF) may b	e established v	vith allied interrog	ation aug	mentation.)
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11. What is th	e procedur	re on how to	o identify a d	etainee who n	nay hav	e intelligence
information?	Who perfor	rms this pro	cedure? An	e MPs involve	d in the	decision-making?
information?	Who <u>p</u> erfor d as a basi	rms this pro is for the ide	cedure? Are entification o	e MPs involved f detainees of	d in the interest	decision-making? , personality lists
information? ' Are PIRs use used, etc? <i>(1</i>	Who <u>p</u> erfoi d as a basi .1, 1.2, 2.1) (rms this pro is for the ide FM 34-52 Inte	cedure? Are entification o elligence Interro	e MPs involved f detainees of ogation, page 3-2	d in the interest) If time p	decision-making? , personality lists ermits, screeners
information? ' Are PIRs use used, etc? <i>(1</i> should question	Who perfor d as a basi .1, 1.2, 2.1) (holding area	rms this pro is for the ide FM 34-52 Inte personnel abo	cedure? And antification of the ligence Interrollement of the EPWs is a contract of the EPWs is a contract of the EPWs is a contract of the EPWs.	e MPs involved f detainees of ogation, page 3-2 and detainees. Si	d in the interest If time page these	decision-making? , personality lists ermits, screeners e personnel are in
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ara 7-101, Supply functions in a confinement facility are the same as those in other	military units.
owever, stronger security measures are necessary to prevent certain supplies and illing into the hands of prisoners.)	equipment from
	-
13. What control measures are you using to maintain discipline and senterrogation facility? (1.1, 1.2, 4.1) AR 190-8, paragraph 3-6 (Measures need discipline and security will be established in each camp/collection point and rigidly encommander will maintain records of disciplinary punishments. These records will be the protecting power. The following acts will not be permitted; Fraternization between military or civilian personnel. Fraternization is defined as improper or intimate common between U.S. Armed Forces personnel and EPW/RP. Donating or receiving gifts or ecommercial activity between persons in U.S. custody and U.S. personnel. Setting up detainees. Disciplinary powers will not be delegated to or exercised by EPW/RP. Pur administered by EPW/RP.)	ded to maintain aforced. The camp open to inspection by n EPW, RP and U.S. unications or actions engaging in any of courts by nishment will not be
have more people? (1.7) (no standard) No Standard	
15. Are the personal effects of a detainee released to the interrogator interrogator allowed to examine the items? (DOCUMENT HANDLING Intelligence Interrogation, page 4-4 The accountability phase begins at the time the coriginal documents must not be marked, altered, or defaced in any way. Documents tagged. The capturing unit attaches a capture document tag (DA Form 5976, Part Cl AR 190-8, para 2-1a(b) says use a DD Form 2745 and (d) says Part C is attached to from the detainee.) to each document; multiple CEDs are bundled or bagged together is always recorded on a captured document tag. The capture document tag should be sequential number at the first formal exploitation point, showing the nationality of the national letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will record the informational letters prescribed in STANAG 1059. The capturing unit will) (1.1, 1.2) (FM 34-52 document is captured. It is must be clearly NOTE: Different tag. It is property confiscated er. The capture data be assigned a capturing force by mation as follows: Including the six-or-ring unit. Identity of mstances under sited as early as stody of CEDs igence interest. When
Into is told, does don't alway	un riske 2
it have.	DA IG

16. Are you receiving sufficient information from the capture paperwork to properly
conduct screenings and interrogations? Are the current requirements for
documentation of a captured person sufficient or excessive? Did the changes in
procedures as far as documenting captured person improve your ability to gather
intelligence? (1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 4.1) ((FM 3-19.40, paragraph 2-3, The commander is responsible for
the administrative processing of each internee. When processing is complete, he submits a DA Form
2674-R to the servicing internment/resettlement information center (IRIC), which function as the field
operations agency for the national IRIC located in CONUS.) (AR 190-8, para 2-1, a. (1) (b) (c), All
equipment, documents, and personal property confiscation during the search must be tagged and
administratively accounted for by the capturing unit. DD Form 2745, Part C is attached to the property
confiscated from the Detainee, so that it may later be matched to that Detainee to include the CJTF
Directive on proper paperwork procedures)
No biggest drove bock. Scranne Serell
Parketa, if somethers paper up the screen De
capture data not good two swarm Staterne
is let times the same, don't get what were we'd to tot,
17. What are the procedures for the transfer of custody of Detainees from the MP/Guard
personnel to Military Intelligence personnel? When the detainee is returned to the guard
force, what procedures occur? (what info is passed on to the Guard Force (type of
reward?)observation report, paper trail audit) (1.1,1.2, 4.1) (FM 3-19-40, chapter 3/3-68)
If a captive or his equipment or documents are removed from the receiving/processing line, account for
them on DD Form 2708 and DA Form 4137. 3-68. The site is located where screeners can observe
captives as they are segregated and processed. It is shielded from the direct view of captives and is far
enough away that captives cannot overhear screeners' conversations. The site has an operation,
administrative, and interrogation area. The interrogation area accommodates, a captive, a guard, and an
interpreter as well as furniture. Lights are available for night operations. Accountability procedures are
implemented and required forms are available.) Sound list to mp toc + tell these we want to talk
Song no and tol 7 low muse we would be
with next day, Sign for,
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18. Describe the screening /background checks required prior to hiring interpreters. Are
they trusted by U.S. Soldiers? (1.3, 1.7, 4.1) (FM 34-52, FM 3-19.40, para 4-6, Request
interpreters from MI, PSOP, allied forces, or local authorities as necessary.)
1/tan, 1/0/
at time review INTR+
19. What is your perception of the contract interrogators training and capabilities to
conduct proper interrogations of detainees? (1.4) (No Standards apply on perceptions.)
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1) (FM 34-52 Intelligence Interrogator has chosen a met	How are MPs/Guard errogation, use of interpretation, he is	s used during this eter page 3-30 Interpromust brief his interpret	er. This briefing must cover-	•
rrent tactical situation, back ethod of interpretation to be	around information obtair	ied on the source, spe	cific interrogation objectives,	
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1. Do counterintelligence ave they received for conws of war as it pertains gents are not authorized to in	onducting interrogation to interrogating deta	ns? What is their inees? (1.1, 1.2, 1	understanding of the .5) (Counterintelligence FM <u>3</u> 4-52, FM 27-10)	
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fferently? How about I accessfully accomplished	Force Structure to eneed? What are the sho 1.3, 1.5, 1.7, 4.1) South for months to meed of Stan	sure Interrogation ortcomings and hortcomings and hortcomings and hortcomings and hortcomings and hortcomings and hortcomings are to the control of the cont	Operations can be w do we fix the problem	dine
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fferently? How about Inccessfully accomplished the Army-level? (1.1, 7) and a complished the Army-level? (1.1, 7) and a complished the Army-level? (1.1, 7) and a complemental report will be medical officer will make a strongemental report will be medical officer will be	rorce Structure to ended? What are the short of the short	sure Interrogation ortcomings and hortcomings and hortcomings and hortcomings and hortcomings and hortcomings are so was crimes command gated by USACIDC. Parish the camp (or hostowing information: (1) (4) Statement that dealer cause of death is under the cause of death e. The attending med	Operations can be w do we fix the problem w do we fix the problem of the problem	il
fferently? How about I accessfully accomplished the Army-level? (1.1, I have been a complished to the support of the deceased. (3) Date, pleaself of the deceased's own redical officer will make a strupplemental report will be more propriate camp commander the form is for the use of Arthur the support of t	ed? What are the shood of the shood of standard of standard of standard of the shood of the shoo	J.S. custody dies? sor war crimes command gated by USACIDC. Parish the camp (or hosowing information: (1) (4) Statement that dealer cause of death is under the form is located at the form will be made out the cause of the form will be made out the cause of the form will be made out the cause of the form will be made out the form will be made out the cause of the form will be made out the form the proper civil aut	Operations can be w do we fix the problem w do we fix the problem of the problem	incid

24. Do you know of the procedures to get stress counseling (Psychiatrist, Chaplain, Medical)? Do your Soldiers know of the procedures to get counseling (Psychiatrist, Chaplain, Medical)? (1.1, 1.2, 1.6, 2.1, 4.1) FM 3-19.40, paragraph 2-48: Personnel assigned or attached to I/R facilities are trained on the care and control of housed personnel. They are fully cognizant of the provisions of the Geneva and UN Conventions and applicable regulations as they apply to the treatment of housed personnel. A formal training program should include stress management techniques. FM 8-51, Appendix D, D-2 f (3): Combat stress control units should provide routine mental health consultation to EPW confinement facilities. This should include: stress control advice to the command regarding the stressors of US Army MP personnel and any allied or coalition personnel working at the confinement facility; individual evaluation and intervention for guards or prisoners when indicated. AR 190-8, Paragraph 1-5, (4) The inhumane treatment of EPW, Cl, RP is prohibited and is not justified by the stress of combat or with deep provocation. Inhumane treatment is a serious and punishable violation under international law and the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). 25. Are you aware of your requirement to report abuse or suspected abuse of detainees? (1.1, 1.2, 1.6, 4.1) AR 190-40 para 2-1, Military and civilian personnel assigned to or accompanying a DoD Component know that they shall report reportable incidents through their chain of command and that such reports also may also be made through other channels, such as the military police, a judge advocate, or an Inspector General.) AR 190-40, Appendix B, Category TR, Reportable Serious Incidents, B–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: b. War crindening mistreatment of enemy prisoners of war, violations of the Geneva Conventions, and atrocities. B–2. Any other incident the commander determines to be of immediate concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for	
25. Are you aware of your requirement to report abuse or suspected abuse of detainees? (1.1, 1.2, 1.6, 4.1) AR 190-40 para 2-1, Military and civilian personnel assigned to or accompanying a DoD Component know that they shall report reportable incidents through their chain of command and that such reports also may also be made through other channels, such as the military police, a judge advocate, or an Inspector General.) AR 190-40, Appendix B, Category 1 Reportable Serious Incidents, B–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: b. War crimes, including mistreatment of enemy prisoners of war, violations of the Geneva Conventions, and atrocities. B–2. Any other incident the commander determines to be of immediate concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident.	Medical)? Do your Soldiers know of the procedures to get counseling (F sychiatrist, Chaplain, Medical)? (1.1, 1.2, 1.6, 2.1, 4.1) FM 3-19.40, paragraph 2-48: Personnel assigne or attached to I/R facilities are trained on the care and control of housed personnel. They are fully cognizant of the provisions of the Geneva and UN Conventions and applicable regulations as they apply to the treatment of housed personnel. A formal training program should include stress management techniques. FM 8-51, Appendix D, D-2 f (3): Combat stress control units should provide routine mental health consultation to EPW confinement facilities. This should include: stress control advice to the command regarding the stressors of US Army MP personnel and any allied or coalition personnel working at the confinement facility; individual evaluation and intervention for guards or prisoners when indicated. AR 190-8, Paragraph 1-5, (4) The inhumane treatment of EPW, CI, RP is prohibited and is not justified the stress of combat or with deep provocation. Inhumane treatment is a serious and punishable violation.
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	26. Do your subordinates know the reporting procedures if they observe or become

26. Do your subordinates know the reporting procedures if they observe or become aware of a Detainee being abused? (1.2, 1.6) (AR 190-40, Appendix B, Category 1 Reportable Serious Incidents, B–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: b. War crimes, including mistreatment of enemy prisoners of war, violations of the Geneva Conventions, and atrocities. B–2. Any other incident the commander determines to be of immediate concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident. AR 190-40, Appendix C Category 2, Reportable Serious Incidents, C–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: g. Incidents involving prisoners or detainees of Army confinement or correctional facilities to include escape from confinement or custody, disturbances which require the use of force, wounding or serious injury to a prisoner, and all prisoner deaths. C–2. Any other incident that the commander determines to be of concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident. AR 190-8, 5–1. General protection policy—civilian internee, a. Treatment. (1) No form of physical torture or moral coercion will be exercised against the CI. This provision does not constitute a prohibition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance with measures authorized or directed by these regulations. (2) In all circumstances, the CI will be treated with respect for their person, their honor, their family rights, their religious convictions and practices, and their manners and customs.

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At all times the CI will be humanely treated and protected against all acts of violations and public curiosity. In all official cases they will be entitled to a fair and report insults and public curiosity. In all official cases they will be entitled to a fair and report in the city of the CI will be especially protected against all acts of violations the curiosity, bodily injury, reprisals of any kind, sexual attack such as rape, forced produced the city of	ence, insults, public prostitution, or any form of thout adverse distinction at or allegation of DA (DAMO-ODL), WASH
27. What steps would you take if a subordinate reported to you ar Detainee abuse? (1.2, 1.6, 4.1) (AR 190-40, Appendix B, Category 1 R Incidents, B—1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: b. War crime of enemy prisoners of war, violations of the Geneva Conventions, and atrocities the commander determines to be of immediate concern to HQDA based on the for adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident. AR 190-40, Appendix B, Ceportable Serious Incidents, C—1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following prisoners or detainees of Army confinement or correctional facilities to confinement or custody, disturbances which require the use of force, wounding prisoner, and all prisoner deaths. C—2. Any other incident that the commander concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for adverse publicity, of the incident. AR 190-8, 5—1. General protection policy—civilian internee, a. physical torture or moral coercion will be exercised against the CI. This provisi prohibition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance we directed by these regulations. (2) In all circumstances, the CI will be treated with their honor, their family rights, their religious convictions and practices, and the At all times the CI will be humanely treated and protected against all acts of vicinsults and public curiosity. In all official cases they will be entitled to a fair and by this regulation. (3) The CI will be especially protected against all acts of vicinsults, bodily injury, represals of any kind, sexual attack such as rape, forced curiosity, bodily injury, represals of any kind, sexual attack such as rape, forced curiosity, bodily injury, represals of any kind, sexual attack such as rape, forced curiosity, bodily injury, represals of any kind, sexual attack such as rape, forced curiosity, bodily injury, represals of any kind, sexual attack such as rape, forced curiosity, bodily injury, represals of any kind, sexual attack such as rape, forced curiosity.	es, including mistreatment s. B–2. Any other incident e nature, gravity, potential opendix C, Category 2, lowing: g. Incidents o include escape from g or serious injury to a retermines to be of or potential consequences. Treatment. (1) No form of on does not constitute a with measures authorized or with respect for their person, eir manners and customs. Olence or threats and I regular trial as prescribed of prostitution, or any form of

inhumane treatment or other violations of this regulation will be reported to HQDA (DAMO-ODL), WASH DC 20310-0400 as a Serious Incident Report. Reporting instructions in AR 190-40 will be used.)

Tults denerted to Go Tulto a report from Some Solutions of this regulation will be reported to HQDA (DAMO-ODL), WASH DC 20310-0400 as a Serious Incident Report. Reporting instructions in AR 190-40 will be used.)

indecent assault. (4) The CI will be treated with the same consideration and without adverse distinction based on race, religion, political opinion, sex, or age. AR 190-8, para 6-9, e. Any act or allegation of

28. Do you feel you can freely report an incident of alleged Detainee abuse outside Command channels (IG, CID) (1.6, 4.1) (AR 190-40, Appendix B, Category 1 Reportable Serious Incidents, B–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: b. War crimes, including mistreatment of enemy prisoners of war, violations of the Geneva Conventions, and atrocities. B–2. Any other incident the commander determines to be of immediate concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident. AR 190-40, Appendix C. Category 2, Reportable Serious Incidents, C–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: g. Incidents involving prisoners or detainees of Army confinement or correctional facilities to include escape from confinement or custody, disturbances which require the use of force, wounding or serious injury to a prisoner, and all prisoner deaths. C–2. Any other incident that the commander determines to be of concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for adverse publicity, or potential consequences

e incident. AR 190-8, 5–1. General protection policy—civilian internee, a. Treatment. (1) No form of ical torture or moral coercion will be exercised against the CI. This provision does not constitute a bition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance with measures authorized or ited by these regulations. (2) In all circumstances, the CI will be treated with respect for their person, honor, their family rights, their religious convictions and practices, and their manners and customs. It times the CI will be humanely treated and protected against all acts of violence or threats and its and public curiosity. In all official cases they will be entitled to a fair and regular trial as prescribed is regulation. (3) The CI will be especially protected against all acts of violence, insults, public is regulation. (3) The CI will be especially protected against all acts of violence, insults, public is regulation. (4) The CI will be treated with the same consideration and without adverse distinction and or race, religion, political opinion, sex, or age. AR 190-8, para 6-9, e. Any act or allegation of the mane treatment or other violations of this regulation will be reported to HQDA (DAMO-ODL), WASH when the same consideration in AR 190-40 will be used.)
What procedures do you have to report suspected detainee abuse (IG, CID, Next rel Commander) (1.2, 1.6, 4.1) (AR 190-40, Appendix B, Category 1 Reportable Serious dents, B–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: b. War crimes, including mistreatment nemy prisoners of war, violations of the Geneva Conventions, and atrocities. B–2. Any other incident commander determines to be of immediate concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential commander determines to be of immediate concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident. AR 190-40, Appendix C, Category 2, sortable Serious Incidents, C–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: g. Incidents solving prisoners or detainees of Army confinement or correctional facilities to include escape from finement or custody, disturbances which require the use of force, wounding or serious injury to a oner, and all prisoner deaths. C–2. Any other incident that the commander determines to be of oner, and all prisoner deaths. C–2. Any other incident that the commander determines to be of one incident. AR 190-8, 5–1. General protection policy—civilian internee, a. Treatment. (1) No form of he incident. AR 190-8, 5–1. General protection policy—civilian internee, a. Treatment. (1) No form of hibition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance with measures authorized or hibition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance with measures authorized or hibition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance with measures authorized or hibition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance with measures authorized or hibition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance with measures authorized or hibition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance of their person, and their manners and customs. If honor, their family rights, their religious convictions and practices,
O. What procedures are in place for Detainees to report alleged abuse? (1.2, 1.6, 4.1) or 190-8, para 5-1, g. Appeals and periodic review of security internment cases. (1) Appeals. The Claron are interned for imperative security reasons will be accorded the right to appeal the order directing the internment. Such appeals will be decided with the least possible delay by a board of officers. Such appeals will be decided only on the grounds of the existence or nonexistence of imperative security pasons requiring the internment of the protected person. 6-4. Internee Committee a. Election. At each all the following the internment of the protected person.

camp and branch camp, CI will be elected by secret written ballot to the Internee Committee. This committee is empowered to represent the camp to the protecting powers; International Committee of the Red Cross, or other authorized relief or aid organizations and U.S. military authorities. e. Duties. (3) (c) The presentation and transmittal of petitions and complaints to the appropriate authorities in proportion to the kind of labor performed. 6-9. Complaints and requests to camp commanders and protecting power, a. Persons may make complaints or requests to the camp commander, who will try to resolve the complaints and answer the requests. If the CI are not satisfied with the way the commander handles a complaint or request, they may submit it in writing, through channels, to HQDA, ODCSOPS (DAMO -ODL) NPWIC, WASH DC 20310-0400. b. Persons exercising the right to complain to the protecting power about their treatment and camp may do so-(1) By mail. (2) In person to the visiting representatives of the protecting power. (3) Through their Internee Committee. c. Written complaints to the protecting power will be forwarded promptly through HQDA (DAMO - ODL) NPWIC, WASH DC 20310-0400. A separate letter with the comments of the camp commander will be included. Military endorsements will not be placed on any CI communications. d. If a protecting power communicates with a CI camp commander about any matter requiring an answer, the communication and commander's reply will be forwarded to HQDA (DAMO-ODL) NPWIC, WASH DC 20310-0400, for proper action. e. Any act or allegation of inhumane treatment or other violations of this regulation will be reported to HQDA (DAMO-ODL), WASH DC 20310-0400 as a Serious Incident Report. Reporting instructions in AR 190-40 will be used.

31. What do you perceive as the mission of your unit? Describe the importance of your role in that mission. (Insight to the Soldier's understanding and attitude concerning unit mission and their role) AR 600-20 Command Policy 2-1. Chain of Command a. The chain of command assists commanders at all levels to achieve their primary function of accomplishing the unit's assigned mission while caring for personnel and property in their charge. A simple and direct chain of command facilitates the transmittal of orders from the highest to the lowest levels in a minimum of time and with the least chance of misinterpretation. b. Commanders delegate sufficient authority to soldiers in the chain of command to accomplish their assigned duties, and commanders may hold these soldiers responsible for

32. Describe your working environment and living conditions since being in Theater. (Identify physical and psychological impact on Soldier's attitude). (1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7) FM 10-1, Ch. 7, para. 3, "Tactical Vision. A primary QMC focus at the tactical level will continue to be on sustainment of the soldier. Each company-sized unit will have two cooks and a small, state-of-the-art field kitchen. This provides a limited capability to prepare or heat meals and supplements. An improved containerized capability for providing responsive laundry and shower support well forward on the battlefield must be developed. Frontline soldiers require brief respites from the rigors associated with combat. A facility complex (Force Provider) will be available in which they can shower, clean their clothes, eat hot meals, and rest in an environmentally controlled shelter.

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33. Describe the unit command climate and Soldier morale. Has it changed or evolved
since you have been in Theater? (Identifies Soldier's perception of the chain of command
and Soldier attitude. Does the Soldier feel supported? Do Soldiers feel the Command cares? Are
4) making alast guidance?) 1 AR 600-20 • 13 May 2002 1-5. Command, D. Elements of Command.
The commander is responsible for establishing leadership climate of the unit and developing disciplined
and apposive units. This sets the parameters within which command will be exercised and, therefore, sets
the tare for again, and duty relationships within the command. (1) Commanders and other reducts.
as well and to the professional Army ethic promote a positive environment. It leaders show loyally to their
polition, the Army, and the Nation, they earn the loyalty of their soldiers. It leaders consider their soldiers
needs and care for their well-being, and if they demonstrate genuine concern, these leaders build a
positive command climate. (2) Duty is obedient and disciplined performance. Soldiers with a sense of duty accomplish tasks given them, seize opportunities for self-improvement, and accept responsibility
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ops it is great.
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34. Are you aware of any incidences of detainee or other abuse in your unit? AR 190-8, 1-5. General protection policy a. U.S. policy, relative to the treatment of EPW, CI and RP in the custody of the U.S. Armed Forces, is as follows: (1) All persons captured, detained, interned, or otherwise held in U.S. Armed Forces custody during the course of conflict will be given humanitarian care and treatment from the moment they fall into the hands of U.S. forces until final release or repatriation. (2) All persons taken into custody by U.S. forces will be provided with the protections of the GPW until some other legal status is determined by competent authority. (3) The punishment of EPW, CI and RP known to have, or suspected of having, committed serious offenses will be administered IAW due process of law and under legally constituted authority per the GPW, GC, the Uniform Code of Military Justice and the Manual for Courts Martial. (4) The inhumane treatment of EPW, CI, RP is prohibited and is not justified by the stress of combat or with deep provocation. Inhumane treatment is a serious and punishable violation under international law and the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). b. All prisoners will receive humane treatment without regard to race, nationality, religion, political opinion, sex, or other criteria. The following acts are prohibited: murder, torture, corporal punishment, mutilation, the taking of hostages, sensory deprivation, collective punishments, execution without trial by proper authority, and all cruel and degrading treatment. c. All persons will be respected as human beings. They will be protected against all acts of violence to include rape, forced prostitution, assault and theft, insults, public curiosity, bodily injury, and reprisals of any kind. They will not be subjected to medical or scientific experiments. This list is not exclusive. EPW/RP are to be protected from all threats or acts of violence. d. Photographing, filming, and video taping of individual EPW, CI and RP for other than internal Internment Facility administration or intelligence/counterintelligence purposes is strictly prohibited. No group, wide area or aerial photographs of EPW, CI and RP or facilities will be taken unless approved by the senior Military Police officer in the Internment Facility commander's chain of command. e. A neutral state or an international humanitarian organization, such as the ICRC, may be designated by the U.S. Government as a Protecting Power (PP) to monitor whether protected persons are receiving humane treatment as required by the Geneva Conventions. The text of the Geneva Convention, its annexes, and any special agreements, will be posted in each camp in the language of the EPW, CI and RP.

ADVISEMENT OF RIGHTS (For military personnel) The text of Article 31 provides as follows a. No person subject to this chapter may compel any person incriminate himself or to answer any questions the answer to which may tend to incriminate him. It person subject to this chapter may interrogate or request any statement from an accused or a person subject of an offense without first informing him of the nature of the accusation and advising him he does not have to make any statement regarding the offense of which he is accused or suspected that any statement made by him may be used as evidence against him in a trial by court-martial. On the person subject to this chapter may compel any person to make a statement or produce evidence to any military tribunal if the statement or evidence is not material to the issue and may tend to degrated. No statement obtained from any person in violation of this article, or through the use of coercion unlawful influence, or unlawful inducement, may be received in evidence against him in a trial by comartial. (1.2, 1.6)	son n that ed, and c. No pefore de him.
l am(grade, if any, and name), a member of the (DAIG). I am part of team inspecting detainee operations, this is not a criminal investigation. I a reading you your rights because of a statement you made causes me to sus that you may have committed (specify offense, i.e. aggravated assault, assault, murder). Under Article 31, you have the right to remain silent, that is, say nothing at all. Any statement you make, oral or we may be used as evidence against you in a trial by courts-martial or in other judicial or administrative proceedings. You have the right to consult a lawy to have a lawyer present during this interview. You have the right to militar counsel free of charge. In addition to military counsel, you are entitled to counsel of your own choosing, at your own expense. You may request a lat any time during this interview. If you decide to answer questions, you me stop the questioning at any time. Do you understand your rights? Do you lawyer? (If the answer is yes, cease all questions at this point). Are you with answer questions?	o ritten, ver and y legal ivilian wyer ay want a
35. Describe what you understand happened leading up to and during the incide abuse. (No applicable standard)	
36. Describe Soldier morale, feelings and emotional state prior to and after these incidents? (Identifies unit and Soldier morale, atmosphere, mood, attitude, stress, retalian preemption, family crisis)	tion,

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What would you have done? (Identifies compliance, procedure, timeliness, Soldier perception of action taken and effect on unit morale.) (1.2, 1.6) (AR 190-40, Appendix B, Category 1 Reportable Serious Incidents, B—1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: b. War crimes, including mistreatment of enemy prisoners of war, violations of the Geneva Conventions, and atrocities. B—2. Any other incident the commander determines to be of immediate concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident. AR 190-40, Appendix C Category 2, Reportable Serious Incidents, C—1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: g. Incidents involving prisoners or detainees of Army confinement or correctional facilities to include escape from confinement or custody, disturbances which require the use of force, wounding or serious injury to a prisoner, and all prisoner deaths. C—2. Any other incident that the commander determines to be of concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident. AR 190-8, 5—1. General protection policy—civilian internee, a. Treatment. (1) No form of physical torture or moral coercion will be exercised against the CI. This provision does not constitute a prohibition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance with measures authorized or directed by these regulations. (2) In all circumstances, the CI will be treated with respect for their person, their honor, their family rights, their religious convictions and practices, and their manners and customs. At all times the CI will be humanely treated and protected against all acts of violence or threats and insults and public curiosity. In all official cases they will be entitled to a fair and regular trial as prescribed by this regulation. (3) The CI will be especially protected against all acts of violence, insults, public curiosity, bodily injury, reprisals of any kind, sexual attack su
38. How could the incident have been prevented? (Identifies root cause and perceived solution) (No applicable standard)

39. Describe any unit training or other programs that you are aware of that teach leaders and Soldiers how to recognize and resolve combat stress. FM 22-51, para 11-5. Prevention of Misconduct Stress Behaviors. The measures which reduce battle fatigue and prevent battle fatigue casualties should also help reduce the incidence of misconduct stress behaviors. However, additional actions also need to be practiced consistently by leadership at all echelons and by buddies at the small unit level. FM 22-51, para 1-3, Stress control requires special involvement from direct (small unit) leaders. The responsibility extends up through the organizational leaders and their staffs (both officers and noncommissioned officers [NCOs]) at all echelons. Appendix A describes combat stress risk factors and prescribes leaders' actions to control them. Leaders, staffs, and individual soldiers all receive

esistance from the supporting chaplains, the medical personnel, and combat stress control/mental health ersonnel (see Appendix B for information pertaining to combat stress control units). If any link in the ersonnel (see Appendix B for information pertaining to combat stress control units). If any link in the ersonnel (see Appendix B for information pertaining to combat stress of the chain to strengthen it. M 8-51, para 1-1, b. Responsibility For Stress Control. Control of stress is the commander's
M 8-51, para 1-1, b. Responsibility For Stress Control. Control of stress is the commander of stress i
40. What measures are in place to boost morale or to relieve stress? (Identifies perceived solution.) FM 22-51, para 11-5. Prevention of Misconduct Stress Behaviors. The measures which reduce battle fatigue and prevent battle fatigue casualties should also help reduce the incidence of misconduct stress behaviors. However, additional actions also need to be practiced consistently by leadership at all echelons and by buddies at the small unit level. FM 22-51, para 1-3, Stress control leadership at all echelons and by buddies at the small unit level. FM 22-51, para 1-3, Stress control requires special involvement from direct (small unit) leaders. The responsibility extends up through the organizational leaders and their staffs (both officers and noncommissioned officers [NCOS]) at all echelons. Appendix A describes combat stress risk factors and prescribes leaders' actions to control echelons. Appendix A describes combat stress risk factors and prescribes leaders' actions to control them. Leaders, staffs, and individual soldiers all receive assistance from the supporting chaplains, the medical personnel, and combat stress control/mental health personnel (see Appendix B for information pertaining to combat stress control units). If any link in the chain of responsibility is weak, it is the responsibility of the other members of the chain to strengthen it. FM 8-51, para 1-1, b. Responsibility For Stress Control. Control of stress is the commander's responsibility (see FM 22-51) at all echelons. The commander is aided in this responsibility by the noncommissioned officer (NCO) chain of support; the chaplaincy; unit medical personnel; general, principal, and special staff, and by specialized Army CSC units and mental health personnel.
41. What measures could the command enact to improve the morale and command climate of your unit? (Identifies perceived solution.) FM 22-103, Leadership and Command at Senior Levels, 21 Jun 1987, p. 6, - "Leadership. The process of influencing others to accomplish the mission by providing purpose, direction, and motivation." AR 600-100, Army Leadership, 17 Sep 1993, p. 8, 1987- "Senior-level leadership is the art of direct and indirect influence and the skill of creating the conditions for sustained organizational success to achieve the desired result. But, above all, it is the art of taking a vision of what must be done, communicating it in a way that the intent is clearly understood, and then being tough enough to ensure its execution."
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