C-4/J-4/G-4 (DIVISION & HIGHER) INTERVIEW QUESTIONS (ALSO POSSIBLE COSCOM CDRs/G-4s OR DISCOM CDRs/S4s)

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3. Describe how subordinate units plan and procure logistical support for Detainee Operations. (include: transportation, sundry items, subsistence, organizational, and NBC clothing and equipment items, mail collection and distribution, laundry, and bath equipment) Have you ever coordinated for transportation to evacuate Detainees out of the AOR? Who approved the transfer? (1.1, 1.2,1.4, 4.1) (AR 190-8, para 2-3, Evacuation Policy. a. Evacuation of EPW or RP outside the theater of operations requires SECDEF approval. b. Wounded EPW generally will not be evacuated to CONUS until released from medical channels. They will be processed through U.S. military police assets. If EPW are to be medically evacuated, they will be processed and accounted for per this regulation. AR 190-8, paragraph 1-4g(2), (Commanders will plan and procure logistical support to include: transportation, subsistence, personal, organizational and NBC clothing and equipment items, mail collection and distribution, laundry, and bath for DO. FM 3-19.40, para 7-101, Supply functions in a confinement facility are the same as those in other military units. However, stronger security measures are necessary to prevent certain supplies and equipment from falling into the hands of prisoners.) AR 190-8, para 6-15. Transfers. a. Authority to

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transfer. Theater commanders may direct the transfer of the CI, subject to the following conditions: (1) The CI may not be transferred beyond the borders of the occupied country in which interned except when for material reasons it is impossible to avoid such displacement. The CI thus evacuated will be transferred back to the area from which they were evacuated as soon as hostilities in that area have ceased.
4. What are some of the services being contracted out/outsourced to support Detainee Operations in Theater? Are there any issues concerning contracting or budget that you are aware of that impact Detainee Operations? If so, what are they? Who oversees the contracts that support Detainee Operations and where can we find out who the Army Representatives are (CORs)? (Contracting and Outsourcing references/standards are unknown at this time. Will need to make observations based on interviews, observations and document reviews—follow-up required when we return to CONUS) (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.5, 1.7, 4.1)
Support units conducted prior to deployment to help them prepare for Detainee Operations? (to include collection point activities, etc) Can you describe it? (1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 4.1 DoDD 2310.1 (The U.S. Military Services shall be given the necessary training to ensure they have knowledge of their obligations under the Geneva Conventions (references (b) through (e)) and as required by DoD Directive 5100.77 (reference (f)) before an assignment to a foreign area where capture or detention of enemy personnel is possible.) (AR 350-1 para 4-14c.(2) and table G-1 Refresher training, dated 9 April 2003), Level B training is conducted in units for officers, warrant officers, NCOs and enlisted personnel commensurate with the missions of the unit. AR 190-8 para 1-5(4)(C DOD Directive 5100.77), All prisoners will receive humane treatment and that the following acts are prohibited murder, torture, corporal punishment, mutilation, taking of hostages, sensory deprivation, collective punishments, execution without trial by proper authority, and all cruel and degrading treatment. Prisoners will be protected against all acts of violence to include public curiosity. (DoD Directive 5100.77, para 5.5.1, The Secretaries of the Military Departments shall provide directives, publications, instructions, and training so that the principles and rules of law of war will be known to members of their respective Departments, the extent of such knowledge to be commensurate with each individual's duties and responsibilities.)
6. Have you had the opportunity to personally visited each of the Interment Facilities to determine if units have the necessary support and supplies to run their facilities? If so, what did you find? How about division and brigade Collection Points? (1.1, 1.2, 1.5, 4.1) AR 190-8, paragraph 1-4g(2), (Commanders will plan and procure logistical support to include: transportation, subsistence, personal, organizational and NBC clothing and equipment items, mail collection and distribution, laundry, and bath for DO. (FM 3-19.40, para 7-101, Supply functions in a

quantity, quality requirements? elaborate (1.1, on the basis of a rinclude the following to maintain the CI will be considered kind of labor perforeceive additional	your challenges/issues in providing daily food rations in sufficient y and variety to keep Detainees in good health and IAW with their cultural What is the schedule for feeding and what are they being fed? Please 1.2, 1.5, 4.1) AR 190-8, para 6-5, b. Food. (1) Subsistence for the CI will be issued master CI menu prepared by the theater commander. Preparation of the menu willing: (a) The daily individual food ration will be sufficient in quantity, quality, and variety in good health and to prevent nutritional deficiencies. (b) The customary diet of the CI is. (c) The CI performing physical labor will receive additional food in proportion to the formed. (d) Expectant and nursing mothers and children under 15 years of age will food in proportion to their physiological needs. (2) Facilities will be available to the CI tional food received or procured by them from authorized sources.
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All persons captur course of the conf	r, Lister bags, running waterif so, is it potable) (1.1, 1.2, 1.8, 4.1) (AF f, g) Sufficient drinking water will be supplied to EPW/RP. AR 190-8, para 1-5, a. (1) red, detained, interned, or otherwise held by U.S. Armed Forces custody during the lict will be given humanitarian care and treatment from the moment they fall into the ces until final release or repatriation.)
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10. What are your biggest issues concerning adequate facilities for Detainees (tent cots, etc)? (1.5, 1.8, 4.1) (AR 190-8, para 6-1, All necessary and possible measures will be to ensure that CI shall, from the outset of their internment, be accommodated in buildings or quarter which afford every possible safeguard as regards hygiene and health, and provide efficient protectic against the rigors of climate and the effects of war. In no case shall permanent places of internment placed in unhealthy areas, or in districts the climate of which is injurious to CI.	aken s
11. What are your biggest issues concerning logistical support for Detainee Operation (1.5, 4.1) (AR 190-8, paragraph 1-4g(2), (Commanders will plan and procure logistical support to include: transportation, subsistence, personal, organizational and NBC clothing and equipment items mail collection and distribution, laundry, and bath for DO. FM 3-19.40, para 7-101, Supply functions confinement facility are the same as those in other military units. However, stronger security measure necessary to prevent certain supplies and equipment from falling into the hands of prisoners.)	s, in a
12. What do you perceive to be doctrinal logistic shortcomings pertaining to Detaine Operations and how would you fix/incorporate into updated doctrine/accomplish differently? How about Force Structure of logistical units that ensures Detainee Operations can be successfully accomplished? What are the shortcomings and how we fix at the Army-level? (1.1, 1.3, 1.5, 1.7, 4.1) (AR 190-8, paragraph 1-4g(2), (Commawill plan and procure logistical support to include: transportation, subsistence, personal, organization and NBC clothing and equipment items, mail collection and distribution, laundry, and bath for DO. Fi 19.40, para 7-101, Supply functions in a confinement facility are the same as those in other military of However, stronger security measures are necessary to prevent certain supplies and equipment from falling into the hands of prisoners.)	/ do nders al M 3-
13. Are you aware of your requirement to report abuse or suspected abuse of detainees? (1.1, 1.2, 4.1) AR 190-40 para 2-1, Military and civilian personnel assigned to or accompanying a DoD Component know that they shall report reportable incidents through their chain command and that such reports also may also be made through other channels, such as the military police, a judge advocate, or an Inspector General.) AR 190-40, Appendix B, Category 1 Reportable Serious Incidents, B–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: b. War crimes, including mistreatment of enemy prisoners of war, violations of the Geneva Conventions, and atrocities. B–2. other incident the commander determines to be of immediate concern to HQDA based on the nature gravity, potential for adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident.	Any

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role in that mission	erceive as the mission (Insight to the Soldier	s understanding a	and attitude conce	erning unit
assists commanders a mission while caring fo facilitates the transmitta least chance of misinte command to accomplis	e) AR 600-20 Command P t all levels to achieve their or personnel and property in all of orders from the higher propertation. b. Commanders th their assigned duties, an	primary function of their charge. A sin st to the lowest leve delegate sufficien	accomplishing the mple and direct cha els in a minimum of the authority to soldie	unit's assigned in of command time and with the chair of
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Identity physical and 1, Ch. 7, para. 3, "Tacti sustainment of the sold kitchen. This provides a containerized capability pattlefield must be deve combat. A facility completers	vorking environment a psychological impact or cal Vision. A primary QMC ier. Each company-sized us a limited capability to prepar for providing responsive laboped. Frontline soldiers relex (Force Provider) will be in an environmentally cont	a Soldier's attitude focus at the tactica init will have two co re or heat meals an aundry and shower equire brief respites	e). (1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.9 al level will continue boks and a small, st and supplements. Ar support well forwa	5, 1.6, 1.7) FM 1 to be on ate-of-the-art fie in improved rd on the
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sitive command climatery accomplish tasks of	te. (2) Duty is obedient an iven them, seize opportunit diers, leader and led alike	nonstrate genuine of disciplined perfor	concern, these lead mance. Soldiers wi ement, and accept re ecomplish the missi	lers build a th a sense of
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5. General protection policy a. U.S. policy, relative to the treatment of EPW, CI and RP in the custody of the U.S. Armed Forces, is as follows: (1) All persons captured, detained, interned, or otherwise held in	
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taken into custody by U.S. forces will be provided with the protections of the GPW until some other legal status is determined by competent authority. (3) The punishment of EPW, CI and RP known to have, or suspected of having, committed serious offenses will be administered IAW due process of law and under legally constituted authority per the GPW, GC, the Uniform Code of Military Justice and the Manual for Courts Martial. (4) The inhumane treatment of EPW, CI, RP is prohibited and is not justified by the stress of combat or with deep provocation. Inhumane treatment is a serious and punishable violation under international law and the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). b. All prisoners will receive humane treatment without regard to race, nationality, religion, political opinion, sex, or other criteria. The following acts are prohibited: murder, torture, corporal punishment, mutilation, the taking of hostages, sensory deprivation, collective punishments, execution without trial by proper authority, and all cruel and degrading treatment. c. All persons will be respected as human beings. They will be protected against all acts of violence to include rape, forced prostitution, assault and theft, insults, public curiosity, bodily injury, and reprisals of any kind. They will not be subjected to medical or scientific experiments. This list is not exclusive. EPW/RP are to be protected from all threats or acts of violence. d. Photographing, filming, and video taping of individual EPW, CI and RP for other than internal Internment Facility administration or intelligence/counterintelligence purposes is strictly prohibited. No group, wide area or aerial photographs of EPW, CI and RP or facilities will be taken unless approved by the senior Military Police officer in the Internment Facility commander's chain of command. e. A neutral state or an international humanitarian progranization, such as the ICRC, may be designated by the U.S. Government as a Protecting Power (PP) to monitor whether protected persons are receiv	from the moment they fall into the hands of U.S. forces until final release or repatriation. (2) All persons
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ADVISEMENT OF RIGHTS (For military personnel)

The text of Article 31 provides as follows a. No person subject to this chapter may compel any person to incriminate himself or to answer any questions the answer to which may tend to incriminate him. b. No person subject to this chapter may interrogate or request any statement from an accused or a person suspected of an offense without first informing him of the nature of the accusation and advising him that he does not have to make any statement regarding the offense of which he is accused or suspected, and that any statement made by him may be used as evidence against him in a trial by court-martial. c. No person subject to this chapter may compel any person to make a statement or produce evidence before any military tribunal if the statement or evidence is not material to the issue and may tend to degrade him. d. No statement obtained from any person in violation of this article, or through the use of coercion, unlawful influence, or unlawful inducement, may be received in evidence against him in a trial by court-martial. (1.2, 1.6)

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I am(grade, if any, and name), a member of the (DAIG). I am part of a team inspecting detainee operations, this is not a criminal investigation. I am reading you your rights because of a statement you made causes me to suspect that you may have committed
18. Describe what you understand happened leading up to and during the incident(s) of abuse. (No applicable standard)
19. Describe Soldier morale, feelings and emotional state prior to and after these incidents? (Identifies unit and Soldier morale, atmosphere, mood, attitude, stress, retaliation, preemption, family crisis)
20. Was this incident reported to the chain of command? How, when & what was done? What would you have done? (Identifies compliance, procedure, timeliness, Soldier perception of action taken and effect on unit morale.) (1.2, 1.6) (AR 190-40, Appendix B, Category 1 Reportable Serious Incidents, B–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: b. War crimes, including mistreatment of enemy prisoners of war, violations of the Geneva Conventions, and atrocities. B–2. Any other incident the commander determines to be of immediate concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident. AR 190-40, Appendix C Category 2, Reportable Serious Incidents, C–1. Actual or alleged incidents involving the following: g. Incidents involving prisoners or detainees of Army confinement or correctional facilities to include escape from confinement or custody, disturbances which require the use of force, wounding or serious injury to a prisoner, and all prisoner deaths. C–2. Any other incident that the commander determines to be of concern to HQDA based on the nature, gravity, potential for adverse publicity, or potential consequences of the incident. AR 190-8, 5–1. General protection policy—civilian internee, a. Treatment. (1) No form of physical torture or moral coercion will be exercised against the CI. This

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provision does not constitute a prohibition against the use of minimum force necessary to effect compliance with measures authorized or directed by these regulations. (2) In all circumstances, the CI will be treated with respect for their person, their honor, their family rights, their religious convictions and

practices, and their manners and customs. At all times the CI will be humanely treated and protected against all acts of violence or threats and insults and public curiosity. In all official cases they will be entitled to a fair and regular trial as prescribed by this regulation. (3) The CI will be especially protected against all acts of violence, insults, public curiosity, bodily injury, reprisals of any kind, sexual attack such as rape, forced prostitution, or any form of indecent assault. (4) The CI will be treated with the same consideration and with-out adverse distinction based on race, religion, political opinion, sex, or age. AR 190-8, para 6-9, e. Any act or allegation of inhumane treatment or other violations of this regulation will be reported to HQDA (DAMO-ODL), WASH DC 20310-0400 as a Serious Incident Report. Reporting instructions in AR 190-40 will be used.)
21. How could the incident have been prevented? (Identifies root cause and perceived solution) (No applicable standard)
22. Describe any unit training or other programs that you are aware of that teach leaders and Soldiers how to recognize and resolve combat stress. FM 22-51, para 11-5. Prevention of Misconduct Stress Behaviors. The measures which reduce battle fatigue and prevent battle fatigue casualties should also help reduce the incidence of misconduct stress behaviors. However, additional actions also need to be practiced consistently by leadership at all echelons and by buddies at the small unit level. FM 22-51, para 1-3, Stress control requires special involvement from direct (small unit) leaders. The responsibility extends up through the organizational leaders and their staffs (both officers and noncommissioned officers [NCOs]) at all echelons. Appendix A describes combat stress risk factors and prescribes leaders' actions to control them. Leaders, staffs, and individual soldiers all receive assistance from the supporting chaplains, the medical personnel, and combat stress control/mental health personnel (see Appendix B for information pertaining to combat stress control units). If any link in the chain of responsibility is weak, it is the responsibility of the other members of the chain to strengthen it. FM 8-51, para 1-1, b. Responsibility For Stress Control. Control of stress is the commander's responsibility (see FM 22-51) at all echelons. The commander is aided in this responsibility by the noncommissioned officer (NCO) chain of support; the chaplaincy; unit medical personnel; general, principal, and special staff, and by specialized Army CSC units and mental health personnel.
23. What measures are in place to boost morale or to relieve stress? (Identifies perceived solution.) FM 22-51, para 11-5. Prevention of Misconduct Stress Behaviors. The measures which reduce battle fatigue and prevent battle fatigue casualties should also help reduce the incidence of misconduct stress behaviors. However, additional actions also need to be practiced consistently by leadership at all echelons and by buddies at the small unit level. FM 22-51, para 1-3, Stress control requires special involvement from direct (small unit) leaders. The responsibility extends up through the

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24. What measures could the command enact to improve the morale and command
Climate of your unit? (Identifies perceived solution.) FM 22-103, Leadership and Command at Senior Levels, 21 Jun 1987, p. 6, - "Leadership. The process of influencing others to accomplish the mission by providing purpose, direction, and motivation." AR 600-100, Army Leadership, 17 Sep 1993, p. 8, 1987- "Senior-level leadership is the art of direct and indirect influence and the skill of creating the conditions for sustained organizational success to achieve the desired result. But above all it is the art of
taking a vision of what must be done, communicating it in a way that the intent is clearly understood, and then being tough enough to ensure its execution."

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