

ARMED FORCES INSTITUTE OF PATHOLOGY Office of the Armed Forces Medical Examiner 1413 Research Blvd., Bldg. 102 Rockville, MD 20850 1-800-944-7912



AUTOPSY EXAMINATION REPORT

Name: ^{[b](6)-4} **Prisoner**#^{[b](6)-4} Date of Birth: BTB **1940** Date of Death: BTB 22 May 2004 Date of Autopsy: 1 June 2004 Date of Report: 29 Jun 2004 Autopsy No.: ME04-386 AFIP No.: 2929618 Rank: CIV Place of Death: Abu Ghraib Prison Place of Autopsy: BIAP Morgue

Circumstances of Death: This male died while in US custody in Abu Ghraib prison. By report he complained of chest pain to his son and then collapsed.

Authorization for Autopsy: Office of the Armed Forces Medical Examiner, IAW 10 USC 1471

Identification: By CID, DNA sample obtained

CAUSE OF DEATH: Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)

MANNER OF DEATH: Natural

FINAL AUTOPSY DIAGNOSES:

- I. Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease
 - A. Left anterior descending coronary artery with multifocal stenoses ranging from 50-80%
 - B. Right coronary artery with multifocal stenoses ranging from 50-85%
 - C. Left circumflex coronary artery with focal 50% stenosis
 - D. Moderate to severe atherosclerosisof the distal aorta
 - E. Thickening of the mitral valve leaflets
 - F. Pulmonary congestion (right 800 grams, left 650 grams)
 - G. Prominent facial suffusion
 - H. Bilateral earlobe creases (Frank's sign)
- 11 Pleural adhesions
- III. Status post appendectomy, remote
- IV. Fractures of the anterior ribs (right #5, left **#3-7**) consistent with cardiopulmonary resuscitation
- V. No significant trauma
- VI. Toxicology negative

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EXTE EXAMINATION

The body is that of a thin male appearing greater than 50 years of age and measuring 69 inches in length and weighing approximately 160 pounds. Lividity is posterior, purple, and fixed. Rigor is passing.

The scalp is covered with gray hair in a normal distribution. There is a gray mustache and beard. Corneal clouding obscures the irides and pupils. The external auditory canals are unremarkable. The ears are significant for bilateral creases of the earlobes (Frank's sign). There is prominent facial suffusion. The nares are patent and the lips are atraumatic. The nose **and** maxillae are palpably stable. The teeth **appear** natural with partial upper plates.

The neck is straight, and the trachea is midline and mobile. The chest is symmetric. The abdomen is flat. The genitalia are those of a normal adult male. The testes are descended and free of masses. Pubic hair is present in a normal distribution. The buttocks and anus are unremarkable.

The upper and lower extremities are symmetric and without clubbing or edema.

Identifying **marks** and scars include a $3\frac{1}{2}$ inch oblique scar on the right lower quadrant of the abdomen. On the posterior right arm and forearm is a $6 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inch area of depigmentation of the skin and scar. On the midline of the lower back is a $\frac{1}{2}$ inch scar,

There is early decomposition consisting of skin slippage and vascular marbling.

CLOTHING AND PERSONAL EFFECTS

The following clothing items and personal effects are present on the body at the time of autopsy:

- Brown shirt
- Gray underpants
- Gray t-shirt White shirt

MEDICAL INTERVENTION

Endotracheal tube in the oropharynx that enters the trachea

• Intravenous catheter (IV) in the back of **the** left hand Electrocardiograph (EKG) pads on the chest

RADIOGRAPHS

A complete set of postmortem radiographs is obtained and demonstrates the following: No radiopaque projectiles or foreign matter

EVIDENCE OF INJURY

There are fractures of the right 5^{th} and left $3^{rd}-7^{th}$ ribs on the anterior aspects.

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INTERNAL EXAMINATION

<u>HEAD</u>:

The galeal and subgaleal soft tissues of the scalp are free of injury. The calvarium is intact, as is the dwa **mater** beneath it. Clear cerebrospinal fluid surrounds the 1250 gm brain, which has unremarkable gyri and sulci. Coronal sections demonstrate sharp demarcation between white and grey matter, without hemorrhage or contusive injury. The ventricles are of normal size. The basal ganglia, brainstem, cerebellum, and arterial systems are free of injury or other abnormalities. There are no skull fractures. The atkinto-occipital joint is stable.

NECK:

The anterior strap muscles of the neck are homogenous and red-brown, without hemorrhage. The thyroid cartilage and hyoid are intact. The larynx is lined by intact white mucosa. The thyroid is symmetric and red-brown, without cystic or nodular change. The tongue is free of bite **marks**, hemorrhage, or other injuries.

The cervical spine is intact and there is no paraspinous muscular hemorrhage.

BODY CAVITIES:

The sternum and vertebral bodies are visibly and palpably intact. No excess fluid is in the pleural, pericardial, or peritoneal cavities. The organs occupy their usual anatomic positions.

There are fractures of the anterior left ribs 3-7 and the right 5th rib on the anterior aspect,

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM:

There are dense fibrous adhesions of both pleural cavities. The right and left lungs weigh 800 and 650 gm, respectively. The external surfaces are deep red-purple. The pulmonary parenchyma is diffusely congested **and** edematous. No mass lesions or areas of consolidation are present.

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM:

The 400 gm heart is contained in an intact pericardial sac. The epicardial surface is smooth, with minimal fat investment. The coronary arteries are present in a normal distribution, with a right-dominant pattern. Cross sections of the vessels show 50-80% multifocal stenoses of the left anterior descending coronary artery, focal 50% calcific stenosis of the left circumflex coronary artery, and 50-75% multifocal stenoses of the right coronary artery with a focal 85% stenosis. The myocardium is homogenous, redbrown, and **firm.** The mitral valve is thickened and fibrotic but there are no vegetations. The remaining valve leaflets are thin and mobile. The walls of the left and right ventricles are 1.4 and 0.4 cm thick, respectively. The endocardium is smooth and glistening. The aorta has moderate to severe atherosclerosis and gives rise to three intact and patent arch vessels. The remain and mesenteric vessels are unremarkable.

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LIVER & BILIARY SYSTEM:

The 1800 gm liver has **an** intact, smooth capsule and a sharp anterior border The parenchyma is tan-brown and congested, with the usual lobular architecture. No mass lesions or other abnormalities are seen. The gallbladder contains a minute amount of green-black bile and no stones. The mucosal surface is green and velvety. The extrahepatic biliary tree is **patent**.

SPLEEN:

The 200 gm spleen has a smooth, intact, red-purple capsule. The parenchyma is maroon and congested, with distinct Malpighian corpuscles.

PANCREAS:

The pancreas is firm and yellow-tan, with the usual lobular architecture. No mass lesions or other abnormalities are seen.

ADRENALS:

The right and left adrenal glands are symmetric, with bright yellow cortices and grey medullae. No masses or areas of hemorrhage are identified.

GENITOURINARY STEM:

The right and left kidneys weigh 175 and 200 gm, respectively. The external surfaces are intact and smooth. The cut surfaces are red-tan and congested, with uniformly thick cortices and sharp corticomedullary junctions. The pelves are unremarkable and the ureters are normal in course and caliber. White bladder mucosa overlies an intact bladder wall. The bladder contains approximately 10 ml of cloudy urine. The prostate is normal in size, with lobular, yellow-tan parenchyma. The seminal vesicles are unremarkable. The testes are free of mass lesions, contusions, or other abnormalities.

GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT:

The esophagus is intact and lined by smooth, grey-white mucosa. The stomach contains approximately 50 ml of dark green liquid. The gastric wall is intact. The duodenum, loops of small bowel, and colon are unremarkable. The appendix is surgically absent.

ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES

Documentary photographs are taken by (b)(6)-2

- Specimens retained for toxicologic testing and/or DNA identification are: blood, urine, spleen, liver, lung, kidney, adipose, brain, bile, gastric, and psoas
- The dissected organs are forwarded with the body Personal effects are released to the appropriate mortuary operations representatives

MICROSCOPICEXAMINATION

Selected portions of organs are retained in formalin, without preparation of histologic slides.

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TOXICOLOGY

Toxicologic analysis of blood and bile **was** negative for ethanol and drugs of abuse. Cyanide **was** not detected.

OPINION

This elderly Iraqi male died of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (blockage of the arteries that supply blood and oxygen to the heart). The rib fractures noted at autopsy are consistent with cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). There was no significant trauma.

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The manner of death is natural.